

PSYC 101
LIBRARY INSTRUCTION

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McFarland Library
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Today's instruction will include

- PsychInfo
- ProQuest Psychology Journals
- The answer to the question:
 Why not just use the Internet?

What are PsychInfo and
ProQuest Psychology Journals
Because
I already know what the Internet
is and I LIKE IT!!

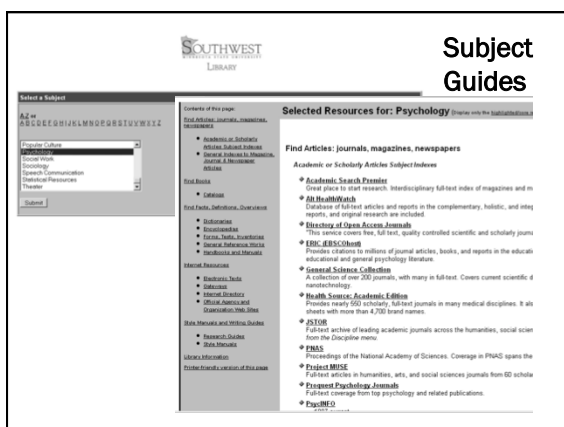
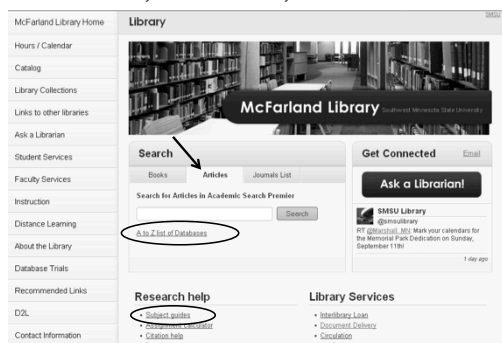
We call these *Databases*

Database:
A collection of information stored in an electronic format that can be searched by a computer.

*Instruction for Diverse Populations Multilingual Glossary: Definitions. Association of College and Research Libraries.

<http://www.ala.org/ala/mgrps/divs/acrl/about/sections/is/projpubs/definitions.pdf>
Retrieved 9/28/2010/

Two ways to find the database you want to use:



A to Z list of Databases

- **New York Times, Historical (1851-2007)**
Index to articles from the New York Times during the years 1851-2007.
- **NewsPage**
Full-text articles from national and regional newspapers.
- **UMI Microform Archives Collection**
Users looking for digital resources.
- **EBAS**
(Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences) includes research reports, commentaries, reviews, perspectives, colloquium papers, and actions of the Academy.
- **Full-text database that provides a series of essays that offer multiple sides of a current issue.**
- **EBAS Search**
Contains full-text elementary school magazines, articles are assigned a reading level indicator (Lexile), an image collection of photos, maps and flags are also included.
- **Professional Collection**
A selection of full-text journals for professional educators.
- **Professional Development Collection (ERIC)**
This database provides a collection of quality education journals including peer-reviewed titles.
- **EBAS Search**
Has over 30,000 free ebooks that can be downloaded and read on your PC or portable device.
- **EBAS Search**
Access scholarly journals (full-text) in the arts, humanities, social sciences, sciences and literature.
- **EBAS Search**
Individual ProQuest databases with descriptions are listed. Select the database(s) to begin your search. Databases include: Dissertations & Theses @ Southwest Minnesota State University, Ethnic NewsWatch or newspapers.
- **EBAS Search**
Selected full-text articles related to psychology and other disciplines.
- **EBAS Search**

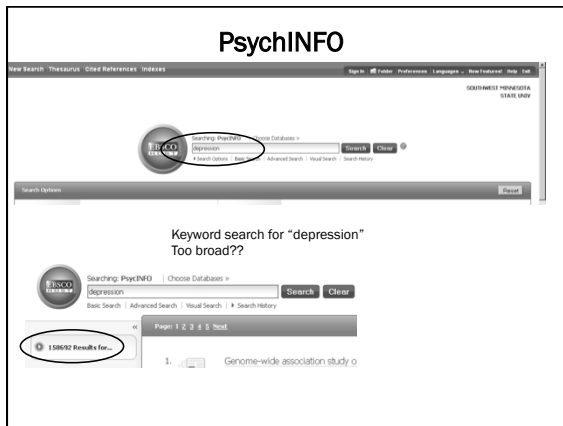
A to Z list of Databases

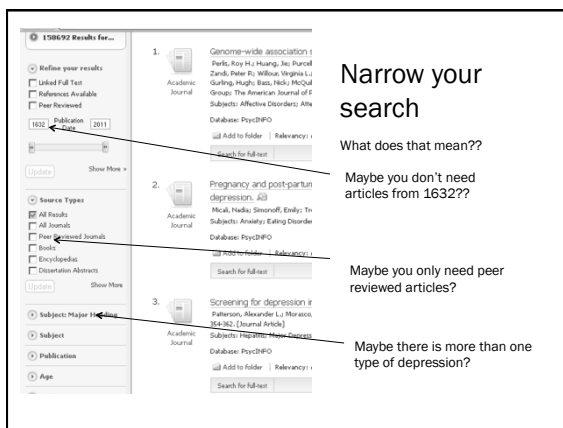
PsychINFO

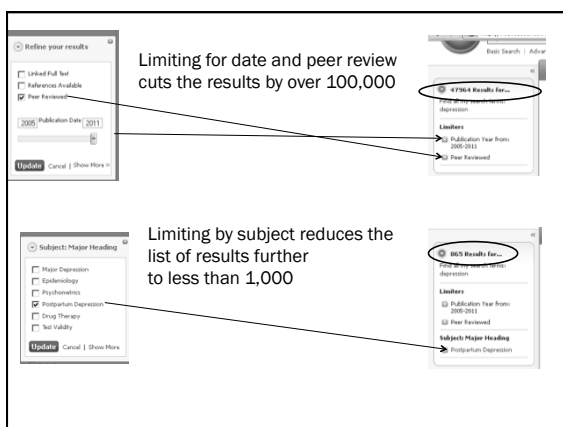
Basic Search

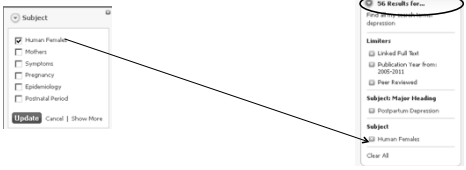
What you need to know:

- How to search a database:
by keyword or subject
- How to narrow your results:
by subject, year,
*academic/scholarly/peer
reviewed articles*
- How to save your searches:
create an account
- Find the full-text of articles





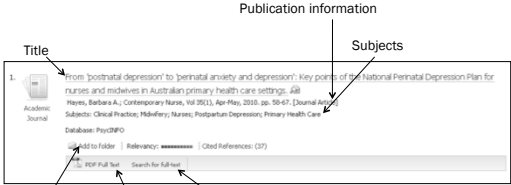




The screenshot shows a search interface with a 'Subject' filter on the left and a '56 Results for...' panel on the right. The 'Subject' filter has options like 'Human Females', 'Mothers', 'Symptoms', 'Pregnancy', 'Epidemiology', and 'Postnatal Period'. The '56 Results for...' panel shows 'Depression' and 'Anxiety' as filters, 'Linked Full Text' and 'Publication Year from 2007-2013' as limiters, and 'Subject Major Heading' and 'Postpartum Depression' as subject headings. A 'Subject' filter is also shown with 'Human Females' selected. A line points from the 'Human Females' filter to the 'Subject' filter in the results panel.

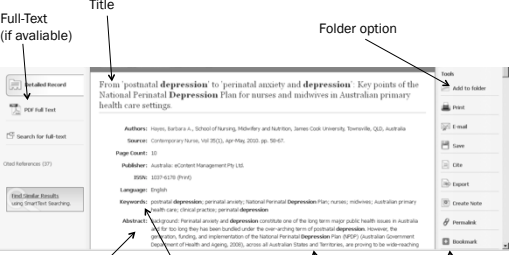
Continue to choose limiters to reduce the number of results further

The brief article record?



The screenshot shows a brief article record for a journal article. The title is 'From "postnatal depression" to "perinatal anxiety and depression": Key points of the National Perinatal Depression Plan for nurses and midwives in Australian primary health care settings'. The author is 'Hewes, Barbara A.; Contemporary Nurses, Vol 26(3), Apr-May, 2010, pp. 58-67, 67p'. The subject is 'Clinical Practice, Midwifery, Nurses, Postpartum Depression, Primary Health Care'. The database is 'PsycINFO'. The record is from 'Academic Journal'. There are links for 'Add to folder', 'Relativity: xxxxxxxx', and 'Cited References: (37)'. There are also links for 'PDF Full Text' and 'Search for full text'. A 'Folder option' points to the 'Add to folder' link. A 'Full-Text (if available)' points to the 'PDF Full Text' link. A 'Search other databases for full-text' points to the 'Search for full text' link.

The Full Article Record



The screenshot shows a full article record for the same journal article. The title is 'From "postnatal depression" to "perinatal anxiety and depression": Key points of the National Perinatal Depression Plan for nurses and midwives in Australian primary health care settings'. The author is 'Hewes, Barbara A.; School of Nursing, Midwifery and Nutrition, James Cook University, Townsville, QLD, Australia'. The source is 'Contemporary Nurses, Vol 26(3), Apr-May, 2010, pp. 58-67'. The page count is 10. The publisher is 'Australia: eContent Management Pty Ltd'. The ISSN is '1837-6176 (Print)'. The language is 'English'. The keywords are 'perinatal depression; perinatal anxiety; National Perinatal Depression Plan; nurses; midwives; Australian primary health care; clinical practice; perinatal depression'. The abstract is 'Background: Perinatal anxiety and depression contribute one of the long-term major public health issues in Australia. For the first time, the National Perinatal Depression Plan (NPDP) has been developed under the care-taking term of perinatal depression. However, the NPDP is a long-term plan, and implementation of the National Perinatal Depression Plan (NPDP) is a long-term process. The Department of Health and Ageing, 2008, across all Australian States and Territories, are planning to be wide-reaching'. There are links for 'Add to folder', 'Print', 'Email', 'Save', 'Cite', 'Export', 'Create Note', 'Personalize', and 'Bookmark'. A 'Folder option' points to the 'Add to folder' link. A 'Full-Text (if available)' points to the 'PDF Full Text' link. A 'Search other databases for full-text' points to the 'Search for full text' link. An 'Abstract' points to the abstract text. A 'Keywords (not subjects?)' points to the keywords text. A 'Bookmark' points to the 'Bookmark' link. An 'Extras!!' points to the 'Personalize' link.

Save your searches by creating an account

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- ✓ Organize your research with folders
- ✓ View others' folders
- ✓ Create email alerts and/or RSS feeds

ProQuest Psychology Journals

Search | Advanced | Publications

Advanced search

depress

depressed

depressed men

depression?

depression:

depression,

depressing

depressant

depression

Turn off auto-complete

ProQuest Deep Training: Psychology

ProQuest Psychology Journals

View title list

Subject coverage

- Behavioral psychology
- Clinical psychology
- Developmental psychology
- Neurology
- Personality, Psychology
- Psychometrics
- Social psychology

Want to Learn More?

Try one of these options:

- Search the online help.
- Learn about search syntax changes in the new ProQuest.
- Discover answers to common questions at ProQuest's Product Support Center.
- Got an uncommon question? Contact our Customer Support Team.

Search tip

By default, we will look for documents with all the terms entered.

Use "citation marks" to search for exact phrases. Separate terms with OR to find any of the words entered.

Again, a large list of results!

ProQuest Psychology Journals

Search | Advanced | Publications

depression

Full text Peer reviewed

Create alert Create RSS feed Save search

120342 Results* within

Suggested subjects

- Depression
- Depression AND Middle Aged
- Depression AND Mental depression
- Postpartum depression
- Depression AND Adolescent
- Depression AND Questionnaires
- Depression AND Anxieties
- Depression AND Risk Factors

Some of the same limiters
They just look different

AND they are on the right
instead of the left

You can choose what to include *and* what to exclude

What's in the record?

The screenshot shows a PubMed search result for the article "Psychiatric specialty clinics: Do they weed out comorbid depression and anxiety?" by Tucker-Pratt, C., et al. The interface includes a search bar at the top, a list of search results, and a detailed view of the selected article. Annotations with arrows point to specific parts of the interface: "Title" points to the article title, "Publication Information" points to the author and journal information, "Full-Text (if available)" points to the "Full Text" link, "Search other databases for full-text" points to the "CrossRef" link, and "Abstract" points to the abstract text.

But what about the Internet?

<http://lifehacker.com/5814100/the-problem-with-your-google-search-results-and-what-you-can-do-about-it>
